

# Promoting the Quality of Medicines(PQM) Program Technical Assistance

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Promoting the Quality of Medicines Program

U.S. Pharmacopeial Convention

Workshop for NMRAs and Manufacturers of Medicines for Treatment of Tuberculosis and Neglected Tropical Diseases







- Overview of the USP PQM Program
- Overview of USP PQM technical assistance to manufacturers and national regulatory agencies
- USP PQM contributions to improving standards of practice in LMICs and the resulting public health impact
- Conclusion

▶ PQM is the result of a cooperative agreement between US Agency for International Development (USAID) and United States Pharmacopeia

In fulfillment of USP and USAID missions, PQM serves as a mechanism to help USAID-supported countries strengthen their quality assurance systems to better ensure the quality, safety and efficacy of medical products that reach patients

▶ This collaboration between USP and USAID is a 25-year long partnership!

Goal: Strengthen quality assurance systems to sustainably ensure the quality and safety of medical products, and thereby protect public health

IR1: Medical products quality assurance systems strengthened

- IR 1.1 Quality assurance policies, legislation, guidelines and procedures improved
- **IR 1.2** Registration, inspection and licensing functions of medicine regulatory agencies sustainably improved (Premarket)
- **IR 1.3** Standard of practices at national quality control laboratories sustainably improved
- IR 1.4 Institutional capacity for regulatory workforce sustainably improved
- IR 1.5 Capacity for post-marketing surveillance of medical products sustainably improved

IR2: Supply of quality assured priority medicines increased

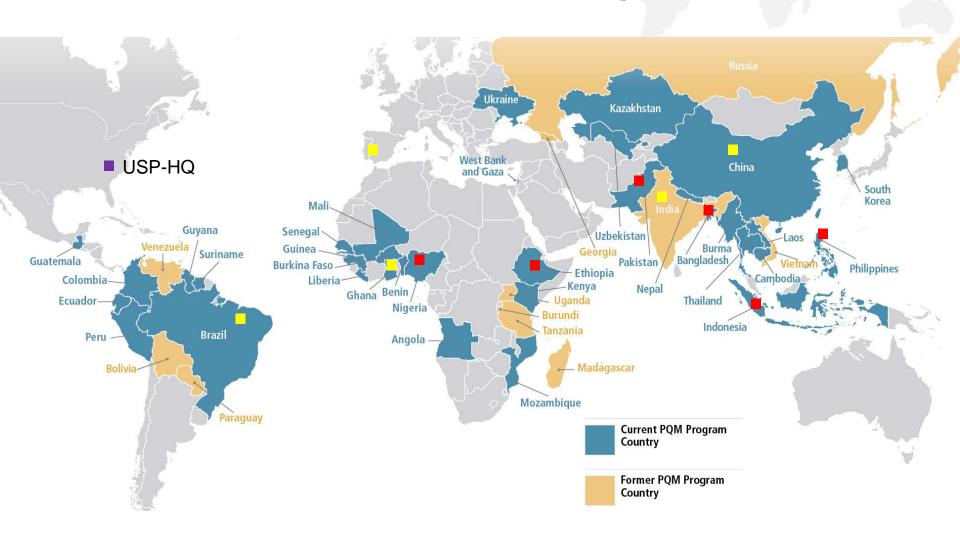
- •IR 2.1 Quality assured priority medicines produced locally increased
- IR 2.2 Quality assured priority medicines produced globally increased
- IR 2.3 CROs compliance with Good
  Clinical practices and Good Laboratory
  practices increased
- **IR 2.4** Sources of quality assured API and FPP diversified and supply secured

IR3: Utilization of medical product quality information for decision-making increased

- IR 3.1 Availability of information related to quality of medical products increased
- IR 3.2 Enforcement actions against falsified, substandard and unapproved medical products increased
- IR 3.3 Information on quality assurance of medical products used for advocacy increased

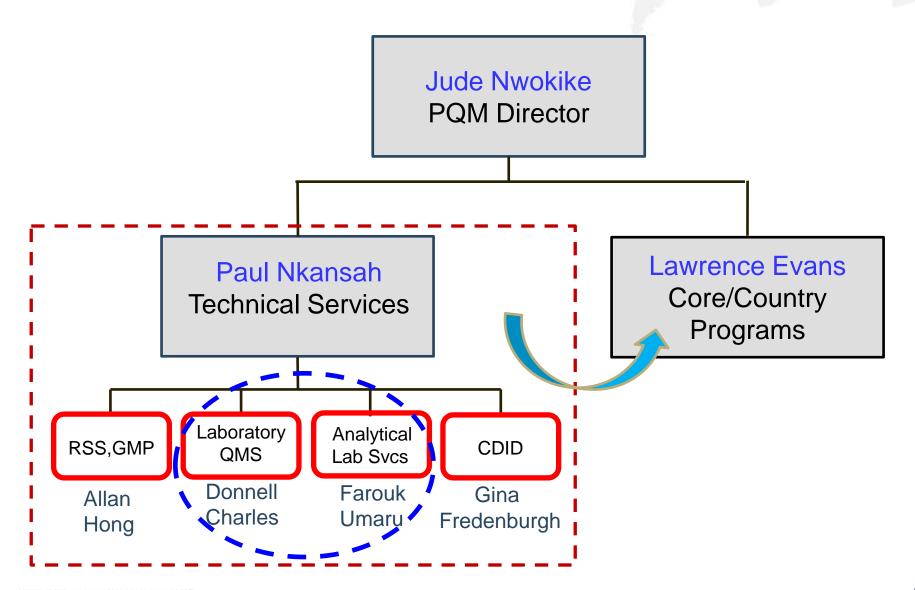


## **PQM** USP-PQM Global Footprint



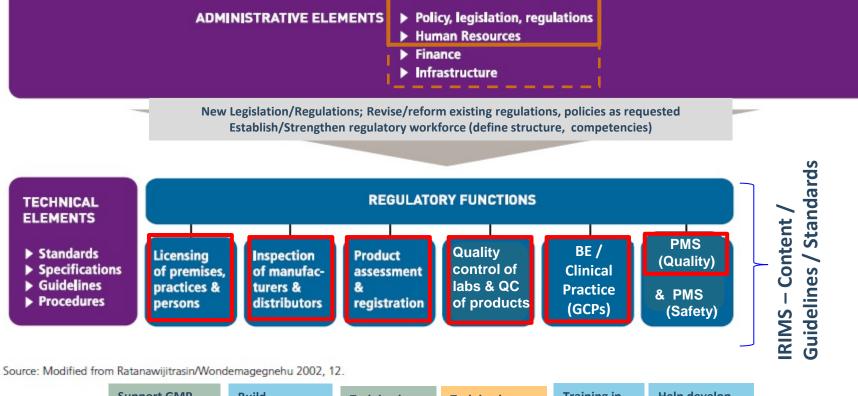


### **PQM** USP-PQM Organizational Structure





### **Regulatory System Quality Assurance**



Support GMP
Licensing of
manufacturers,
distributors,
warehouse
and other
pharmaceutical
premises

Build Capacity of inspectorates GMPs, GLPs, GDPs, GSP, and GCPs Inspections

Training in Good dossier review practices (GDRev) Training in QMS, GLPs, Testing, etc. toward WHO PQ ISO 17025 Training in GCP Reqs. & Inspections

Help develop PMS program (Guidelines and protocol)

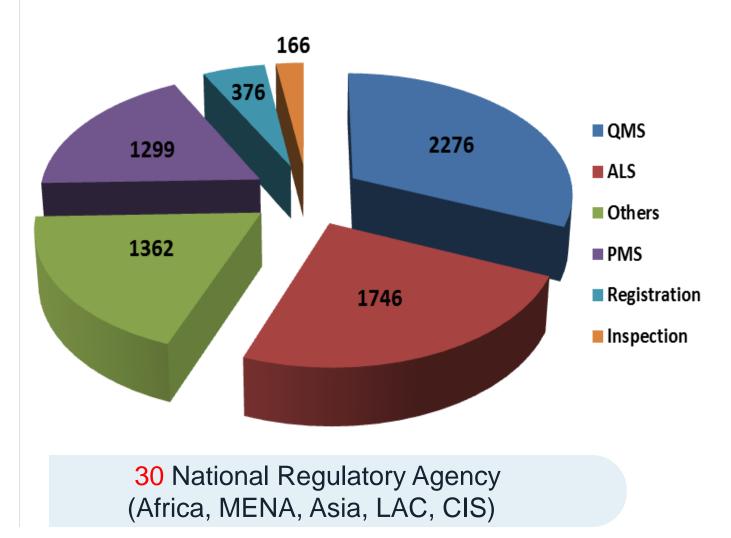
Help train on PMS

Red boxes: Primary areas of primary PQM mandate



### Training by regulatory technical area 2009 - Present

(**7225** Individuals - 51% female)





### **PQM** Laboratory Services





### **Laboratory Quality Management Services**

- Works collaboratively with NQCLs to build/strengthen Quality
   Management Systems to international standards of practice
  - Systems for facility, equipment, management, personnel
  - Guidelines, procedures and processes
  - Good Laboratory and Documentation Practices
  - Proficiency in quality control testing
  - Internal audit
  - Corrective and Preventive Actions

 Supports NQCLs to comply with international standard for laboratories, leading to ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation and/or WHO Prequalification



### **PQM Analytical Laboratory Services**

- Provide full capacity building laboratory services, including design, qualification, maintenance, calibration and metrology
- Provide hands-on technical training in quality control testing of medicines, to strengthen NQCL and local manufacturers towards ISO/IEC 17025 and/or WHO Prequalification
- Perform analytical tests for NQCLs who lack capacity, or for partners (UNICEF, USAID, WHO, NIH) prior to medicines procurement, clinical trials, etc.
- ▶ Support development of monographs for public health Zinc Sulfate, Zinc Gluconate, Zinc Acetate, Vitamin-A liquid, CHX gel, MiniLab, etc
- ► Evaluate new field-based medicines detection tools, and train on existing tools such as MiniLab, CD-3, TruScan<sup>TM</sup>



## PQM Contributions to improving laboratory standard of practice in LMICs

(2009 - Present)

#### **82** laboratories across **30** LMICs



- 20 Africa
  - 1 in MENA
- 50 in Asia
  - 5 in CIS
  - 6 in LAC



20 Labs ISO accredited or WHO PQ'ed

4,022 laboratory personnel from 30 LMICs received training

(Laboratory QMS, Analytical testing, Instrument maintenance and calibration)



### Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) Services





## Provide hands-on training and consultation to manufacturers on pharmaceutical development and manufacturing

- ▶ Provide guidance on API process development and scale-up
- ▶ Provide guidance on drug product development and scale-up
- ▶ Troubleshoot API and formulation issues

#### Support for product dossier

- Assist with dossier compilation according to CTD format
- ▶ Guide critical research to fulfill dossier requirements

#### Support for facility GMP and BE/GCP compliance

- Manufacturing facility GMP compliance
- Contract research organization (CRO) GCPs and GLPs in support of bioequivalence studies







## PQM Validation/Qualification Support

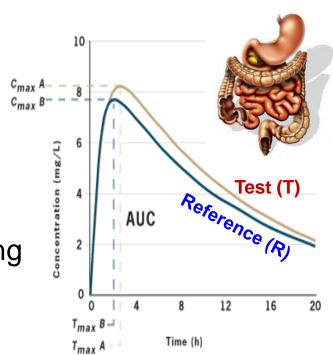


### Support for BA/BE and CRO Inspections

- High BE failures, high cost of BE studies, and surge in notices of concern make this a critical area for intervention
- PQM provides technical support to regulators and CROs in support of BA/BE studies according to GCPs and GLPs

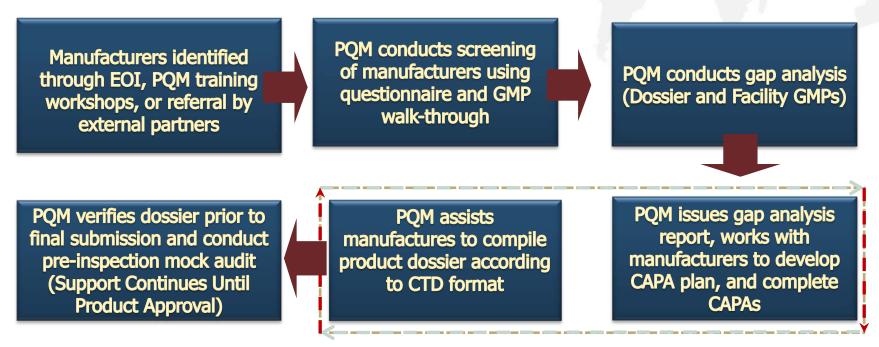
#### Training of regulators, sponsors, CROs

- BA/BE guidelines and requirement
- BE study protocol review
- CRO GCP support pertaining to study conduct, monitoring, termination, selfauditing, PK/Statistical analysis, reporting and documentation
- GLPs (ISO/IEC 15189,17025)





#### **Workflow for Technical Assistance to Manufacturers**



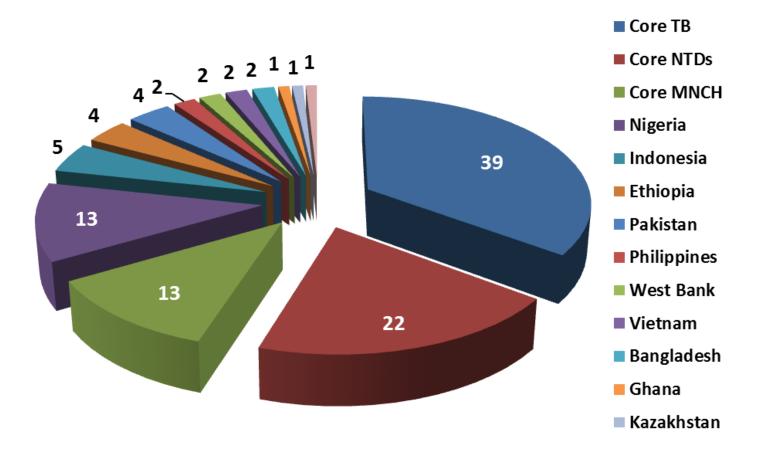
- PQM assists pharmaceutical manufacturers and regulator in low- and middleincome countries in achieving compliance with WHO PQ, as well as the regulatory requirements of stringent authorities such the USFDA, EU/EDQM, TGA, etc.
- Medicines regulatory authorities and manufacturers are trained in all aspect of dossier and cGMPs.
- By obtaining the approval of WHO or a stringent regulatory authority, qualityassured priority medicines become available to the public health market.

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#### **Manufacturers Supported October 2009 to Present**

(**1971** Individuals - 55% female)



111 manufacturers, 22 countries

| 1  | Zinc Sulfate FPP             | Lab Pharma Rodael                | WHO PQ          | 2012 |
|----|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|------|
| 2  | Cycloserine FPP              | Dong-A Pharma                    | WHO PQ          | 2012 |
| 3  | Streptomycin API             | Shengxue Pharma                  | Spanish RA      | 2013 |
| 4  | Isoniazid API                | Second Pharma                    | WHO PQ          | 2013 |
| 5  | Capreomycin API              | NCPC Pharma                      | WHO PQ          | 2014 |
| 6  | Capreomycin API              | Hisun Pharma                     | WHO PQ          | 2014 |
| 7  | Levofloxacin API             | Langhua Pharma                   | WHO PQ          | 2014 |
| 8  | Mebendazole API              | Yabang Phama                     | CEP             | 2014 |
| 9  | Azithromycin FPP             | HEC Pharma                       | WHO PQ          | 2014 |
| 10 | BE CRO                       | PT Equilab                       | MHRA            | 2014 |
| 11 | Capreomycin FPP              | Hisun Pharma                     | WHO PQ          | 2015 |
| 12 | Moxifloxacin API             | Hisun Pharma                     | WHO PQ          | 2015 |
| 13 | Kanamycin API ( non-sterile) | Fuzhou Fuxin                     | USFDA           | 2015 |
| 14 | Kanamycin API ( non-sterile) | Fuzhou Fuxin                     | WHO PQ          | 2015 |
| 15 | Zinc Sulfate FPP             | Chi Pharma                       | UNICEF          | 2015 |
| 16 | Moxifloxacin API             | HEC Pharma                       | CEP             | 2015 |
| 17 | Kanamycin FPP                | Interpharma/SHP                  | Global Fund ERP | 2015 |
| 18 | Kanamycin API (Sterile)      | Fuzhou Fuxin Pharm               | WHO PQ          | 2016 |
| 19 | Mebendazole API              | Changzhou Yabang Pharma          | WHO PQ          | 2016 |
| 20 | Cycloserine API              | Dong-A Pharma                    | WHO PQ          | 2016 |
| 21 | Streptomycin API             | NCPC Huasheng Pharma             | WHO PQ          | 2016 |
| 22 | Rifampicin API               | Shenyang Antibiotic Manufacturer | WHO PQ          | 2016 |
| 23 | Levofloxacin API             | Shangyu Jingxin Pharma           | WHO PQ          | 2016 |
| 24 | Praziqauntel API             | Shanghai Jiayi Pharma            | CEP             | 2016 |
| 25 | Cycloeserine                 | Hisun Pharma                     | WHO PQ          | 2016 |



## PQM Portfolio — USAID Priority Medicines By Disease Program

| Tuberculosis  | Neglected Tropical Disease     | Maternal, Newborn, Child Health                            |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| High Priority:  | High Priority:                 | High Priority:   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Kanamycin Sulfate API,</li> </ul>              | Praziquantel API               | Amoxicillin 250 mg scored DT                               |  |  |  |
| Clofazimine API,  | Praziquantel 600mg Tablet      | • 7.1% Chlorhexidine digluconate (4%) gel                  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Clofazimine 100mg capsules</li> </ul>          |                                | • 7.1% Chlorhexidine digluconate (4%) sol                  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Linezolid API,</li> </ul>                      | Medium Priority:               |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Linezolid 600 mg coated (scored)</li> </ul>    | Albendazole API                | Medium Priority:   |  |  |  |
| Gatifloxacin API,                                       | Albendazole 400mg tablet       | Magnesium sulfate injection                                |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Gatifloxacin 200mg Tablet</li> </ul>           | (chewable*, preferably scored) | 500 mg/ml, in 2-ml and 10 ml ampoule                       |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Gatifloxacin 400mg Tablet</li> </ul>           |                                | Gentamicin injection 10mg/ml and                           |  |  |  |
| Moxifloxacin API  | Low Priority:                  | 40 mg/ml, in 2-ml vial                                     |  |  |  |
| Rifapentine   | Mebendazole API                |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>FDC (Rifapentine with INH)</li> </ul>          | Mebendazole 500mg tabet        | Medium - low Priority:                                     |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Pediatric first line fixed-dosed</li> </ul>    | (chewable*)                    | Oxytocin, injection 10 IU, 1-ml                            |  |  |  |
| combination (preferably dispersible or                  |                                |  |  |  |  |
| crushable tablets):                                     |                                | Low Priority:  |  |  |  |
| o Rifampicin(R) 75 mg/ Isoniazid 50mg /                 |                                | Misoprostol 200-ug tablet                                  |  |  |  |
| Pyrazinamide 150mg                                      |                                | Betamethasone injection 5.7 mg/ml                          |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Rifampicin(R) 75 mg/ Isoniazid 50mg</li> </ul> |                                | (betamethasone sodium phosphate 3.9                        |  |  |  |
|   |                                | mg/ml solution, or betamethasone                           |  |  |  |
| Medium Priority   |                                | acetate 3 mg aqueous suspension)                           |  |  |  |
| Capreomycin API   |                                | <ul> <li>Dexamethasone injection 4 mg injection</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| Terizidone API  |                                | (4 mg dexamethasone disodium                               |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Terizidone, tablet/capsule 250 mg</li> </ul>   |                                | phosphate in 1-ml ampoule)                                 |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Terizidone, tablet/capsule 300 mg</li> </ul>   |                                |  |  |  |  |
| D'C ' ADI   |                                |  |  |  |  |

• Rifampicin API



PQM/USAID in organizing this workshop seeks to raise awareness about pharmaceutical quality and provide information to medicines regulatory agencies and manufacturers of TB and NTD medicines about opportunities for engaging PQM technical assistance

PQM technical assistance to manufacturers and MRAs has helped to strengthen medicines quality-assurance systems globally, and contributed to ensuring that needed priority medicines are available to patients.

Wishing you a productive workshop and a wonderful time here in Thailand!



## Thank You







## Questions







### USP-USAID Cooperative Agreements

